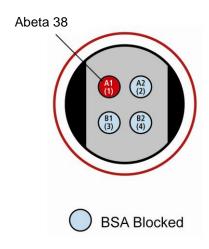
MSD® 96-Well MULTI-ARRAY® Human/Rodent (4G8) Abeta 38 Ultra-Sensitive Assay

_		Storage	
Materials Included			
	Read Buffer T (4X)	RT	
	Blocker A (dry powder)	RT	
	MULTI-SPOT® Abeta 38 Peptide Plate	2-8°C	
	Tris Wash Buffer (10X)	2-8°C	
	SULFO-TAG™ 4G8 Detection Antibody (50X) ¹	2-8°C	
	Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)	-20°C	
	Aβ1-38 peptide (Lyophilized)	-20°C	



The SECTOR Imager data file will identify spots according to their well location, not by the coated capture antibody name.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.
NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES.



¹ Some SULFO-TAG labeled detection antibodies may be light-sensitive, so they should be stored in the dark.

Notes:

Other Materials & Equipment (not supplied)

- □ Deionized water for diluting Tris Wash Buffer and Read Buffer
- □ One 250 mL bottle
- □ Three 50 mL tubes
- ☐ Three 15 mL tubes
- ☐ Microcentrifuge tubes for making dilutions of peptide standards
- ☐ Automated plate washer, Multidrop®, or other efficient multi-channel pipetting equipment for washing 96-well plates
- $\hfill \square$ Appropriate liquid handling equipment for desired throughput that must accurately dispense 5 $\mu L,\,25~\mu L$ and 150 μL into a 96-well micro plate

Read the entire detailed instructions before beginning work.

Protocol at a Glance

This protocol takes approximately 3 hours to complete if each reagent is prepared during the preceding incubation. All reagents, with the exception of the diluted peptides, can be prepared ahead of time. This lengthens the overall time required but frees up time during the incubation steps.

- 1. Add 150 μL Blocker A to MSD plate, incubate for 1 hour, wash.
- 2. Add 25 µL Detection Antibody Solution.
- 3. Add 25 µL of Samples or Calibrator; incubate for 2 hours, wash.
- 4. Add 150 μL Read Buffer and analyze plate.

Detailed Instructions

Prepare a stock of 1X Tris Wash Buffer:

- a) 1X Tris Wash Buffer is used throughout the assay to make other reagents as well as to wash plates. Approximately 250 mL per plate is required more if using an automatic plate washer to account for waste.
- b) In a 250 mL bottle combine:
 - □ 25 mL 10X Tris Wash Buffer
 - □ 225 mL deionized water

Prepare 1% Blocker A Solution:

In a 50 mL tube combine:

- □ 50 mL 1X Tris Wash Buffer
- □ 0.5 g Blocker A

Prepare Detection Antibody Solution:

Prepare 3 mL per plate

- 60 μL 50X SULFO-TAG 4G8 Detection Antibody
- 2940 μL 1% Blocker A Solution



A larger amount of Tris Wash Buffer may be prepared at once

and stored at room temperature

for later use.

Solutions containing Blocker A should be kept at 4°C and discarded after 14 days.

Notes:

Diluted Read Buffer may be kept in a tightly sealed container at room temperature for later use.

The 0.1 mg/mL peptide stocks can be aliquotted and stored at -20 °C for up to 6 weeks. MSD recommends making 20 aliquots of 25 μL/tube. Refreezing, storing more dilute peptides, or storing for longer times is not recommended.

To avoid the possibility of aggregation and/or sticking of the peptides to the dilution tubes, the dilutions should be prepared immediately before use.

It is recommended that both peptide standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.

Prepare 2X MSD Read Buffer T:

- a) Prepare 20 mL per plate
- b) In a 50 mL tube combine:
 - □ 10 mL deionized water
 - □ 10 mL 4X MSD Read Buffer T

Prepare $A\beta 1$ -38 peptide standards:

- a) Check the labels on the peptide vial/tubes for the correct volume of DMSO to dissolve the peptide vial in to yield a 0.1 mg/mL stock.
- b) Vortex peptides to ensure that it is entirely dissolved.
- c) Prepare the following dilution for the peptide:
 Prepare a 10 μg/mL stock by adding 10μL of the 0.1 mg/mL stocks in 90 μL of 1% Blocker A Solution.
 Make a 0.1 μg/mL stock of peptide by adding 5μL of the 10 μg/mL solution in 495 μL of 1% Blocker A Solution.
- d) Prepare a dilution series of the peptide: Prepare the highest Calibrator by adding 24μL of the 0.1μg/mL Aβ38 peptide solution plus 776 μL 1% Blocker A Solution. Prepare the next Calibrator by transferring 200 μL of the highest Calibrator to 400 μL 1% Blocker A Solution. Mix well. Repeat 3-fold serial dilutions 5 additional times to generate 7 Calibrators.

This yields the following Calibrator concentrations:

Calibrator (pg/mL)	<u>Αβ38</u>
Cal 7	3,000
Cal 6	1,000
Cal 5	333
Cal 4	111
Cal 3	37
Cal 2	12.3
Cal 1	4.1
0	0

Use 1% Blocker A Solution for Cal 0. These Calibrators will be sufficient to run an 8-point calibration curve in triplicate for multiple plates. Do not store diluted Calibrators.



Notes:

STEP 1 Block Plate:

- a) Add 150 µL/well of 1% Blocker A Solution.
- b) Incubate at room temperature with shaking for 1 hour.
- c) Wash plate three times with 1X Tris Wash Buffer.

STEP 2 Sample and Detection Antibody Addition:

- a) Add 25 μ L/well of Detection Antibody Solution.
- b) Add 25 μL/well of Samples or Calibrator.
- c) Incubate at room temperature with shaking for 2 hours.
- d) Wash plate three times with 1X Tris Wash Buffer.

CSF samples should be assayed 'neat' or no lower than a 1:2 dilution for optimal peptide sensitivity

STEP 3 Read Plate:

- a) Add 150 µL/well of 2X MSD Read Buffer T.
- b) Read plate on Sector Imager immediately after Read Buffer addition and analyze data.

Avoid bubbles while adding the Read Buffer; it will interfere with accurate reading of the plate.

