# MSD® 96-Well MULTI-SPOT® Human Hypoxia Tissue Culture Assay

The following assay protocol has been optimized for quantifying human erythropoietin (EPO) and vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) in tissue culture samples.

		<u>Storage</u>		
MSD	Materials			
	Read Buffer T (4X), with surfactant	RT		
	Blocker A Kit	RT		
	MULTI-SPOT 96-well 4 Spot Human Hypoxia Plate(s)	2-8 °C		
	SULFO-TAG <sup>™</sup> Anti-hEPO Antibody (100X) <sup>1</sup>	2-8 °C		
	SULFO-TAG Anti-hVEGF Antibody (100X) <sup>1</sup>	2-8 °C		
	Diluent 1	2-8 °C		
	Diluent 100	2-8 °C		
	Human VEGF Calibrator (1 μg/mL)	≤ <sup>-</sup> 70 °C		
	Human EPO Calibrator (20 IU/mL)			
1: hEPO 2: BSA Blocked 3: BSA Blocked 4: hVEGF		SULFO-TAG™ labelec Detection Antibody Analyte Capture Antibody Working Electrode		

The  ${\sf SECTOR}^{\it @}$  Imager data file will identify spots according to their well location, not by the coated capture antibody name.

## Safety

Use safe laboratory practices and wear gloves, safety glasses, and lab coats when handling kit components. Handle and dispose of all hazardous samples properly in accordance with local, state, and federal guidelines. Additional safety information is available in the product safety data sheet, which can be obtained from MSD Customer Service.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.
NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SULFO-TAG conjugated detection antibodies should be stored in the dark.

### Other Materials & Equipment (not supplied)

- □ Deionized water for diluting concentrated buffers
- □ Phosphate buffered saline with 0.05% Tween-20 (PBS-T) for plate washing
- ☐ Automatic plate washer or other efficient multi-channel pipetting equipment for washing 96-well plates
- □ Microtiter plate shaker
- □ Adhesive plate seals
- Pipettes that must accurately dispense 25, 50, and 150 μL into a 96-well microplate

### Protocol at a Glance

The following protocol describes a recommended assay format. The protocol can be completed in approximately 4 hours if each reagent is prepared during the preceding incubation. This time can be reduced to 2.5 hours if the blocking reagent is added overnight.

- **Step 1.** Add blocking solution, incubate 1 hour, wash. (Alternatively, block plates overnight at 4 °C).
- Step 2. Add 25  $\mu$ L of detection antibody. Add 25  $\mu$ L of samples or calibrator, incubate 2 hours, wash.
- **Step 3.** Add 150 µL of read buffer, read plate, and analyze data.

#### Detailed Instructions

#### **Prepare Blocker A Kit:**

Prepare Blocker A solution following the instructions included in the Blocker A kit.

#### **Prepare Calibrator dilutions:**

- 1. Determine the number of calibrator levels and replicates that will be run. Each well will require 25  $\mu$ L of calibrator. Thaw one vial of EPO and VEGF calibrator stock solutions and prepare the required calibrator dilution series using the stock solutions and Diluent 1.
  - Our recommended calibrator dilution procedure is listed below for up to 4 replicates of 7 calibrator concentrations spanning a wide range, plus 1 zerocalibrator point.



Read the entire detailed instructions before beginning work.



- Prepare 200 μL of a high combined calibrator containing 25 ng/mL VEGF and 10 IU/mL of EPO by combining 5 μL of VEGF stock solution at 1 μg/mL, and 100 μL of the 20 IU/mL EPO stock solution with 95 μL of Diluent 1.
- Prepare 6 additional 1:4 serial dilutions, beginning with the high combined calibrator, by adding 50 μL of the calibrator to 150 μL Diluent 1.
- This will create 7 calibrators with 25000, 6250, 1563, 391, 98, 24, 6 pg/mL of VEGF and 10000, 2500, 625, 156, 39, 9.8, 2.4 mIU/mL of EPO.
- The recommended 8<sup>th</sup> dilution is Diluent 1 alone (i.e., zero calibrator).
- ❖ Once the expected range of sample concentrations is known, the calibrator concentrations can be adjusted appropriately. NOTE: At very high VEGF levels (> 25000 pg/mL), the calibration curve may hook. It is recommended that samples with VEGF levels in this range be diluted so that they are measured in the linear portion of the calibration curve.
- 2. Calibrators are stable at room temperature for a few hours.
- 3. The human hypoxia calibrators have been anchored and referenced to international standards when available. The table below summarizes the reference information.

	WHO Standard Reference	WHO Standard	MSD Calibrator 1μg	
Analyte	Number	Units / μg	= WHO Units	WHO Units
hEPO	88/574	127	130	IU
hVEGF	01/424	n/a	0.5	μ <b>g</b>
hVEGF	02/286	1000	360	U

Note: MSD VEGF Calibrator previously used in Human VEGF Kits and Human Hypoxia Kits was anchored to WHO Standard Reference 01/424 with 1  $\mu$ g of MSD Calibrator = 1  $\mu$ g of WHO Standard

#### **Prepare Detection Antibody Reagent:**

- 1. Each well will require 25  $\mu$ L of detection antibody reagent. Prepare 3 mL per plate.
- 2. In a 15 mL tube combine:
  - a. 2.963 mL Diluent 100
  - b. 30 μL of 100X SULFO-TAG Anti-hEPO Antibody (final concentration: 1X)
  - c. 7.5 µL of 100X SULFO-TAG Anti-hVEGF Antibody (final concentration: 0.25X)
- 3. Detection antibody reagent is stable at room temperature for a few hours.



#### Prepare Diluted Read Buffer:

In a 50 mL tube combine (per plate):

- a. 5 mL 4X Read Buffer T
- b. 15 mL deionized water

### Assay Protocol

Begin with a MULTI-SPOT 96-well 4 Spot Human Hypoxia plate. No pre-treatment is necessary.

- 1. Add 150  $\mu$ L/well of blocking solution A and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour or overnight at 2-8 °C.
- 2. Wash plates 3 times with phosphate buffered saline + 0.05% Tween-20 (PBS-T).
- 3. Dispense 25  $\mu$ L/well of detection antibody reagent and 25  $\mu$ L/well calibrator or sample and incubate at room temperature with shaking for 2 hours.
- 4. Wash plates 3 times with PBS-T.
- 5. Prepare SECTOR Imager such that plate can be read immediately after read buffer addition.
- 6. Add 150 μL/well 1X Read Buffer T.

7. Analyze immediately with SECTOR Imager.

Diluted Read Buffer T may be kept in a tightly sealed container

at room temperature for later

Notes:

use.

Plates may also be blocked overnight at 2-8°C and stored for up to a week with blocker.

Shaking a 96-well MSD MULTI-ARRAY® or MULTI-SPOT plate typically accelerates capture at the working electrode.

Bubbles in the read buffer will interfere with reliable imaging of the plate.

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