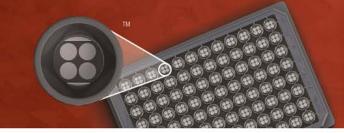
# MSD® Total MDM2 Assay Whole Cell Lysate Kit

For quantitative determination in human whole cell lysate samples



Alzheimer's Disease BioProcess Cardiac

# Cell Signaling

Clinical Immunology Cytokines Hypoxia Immunogenicity Inflammation Metabolic Oncology Toxicology Vascular

### Catalog Numbers

Total MDM2 Assay: Whole Cell Lysate Kit					
Kit size					
1 plate	K152FID-1				
5 plates	K152FID-2				
20 plates	K152FID-3				

Ubiquitinated MDM2 Whole
Cell Lysate Set
200 µg C12FJ-1

#### Ordering information

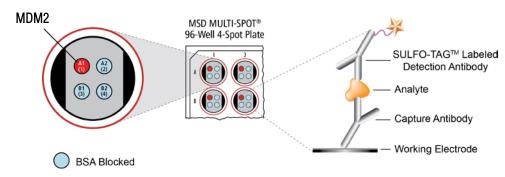
MSD Customer Service Phone: 1-301-947-2085 Fax: 1-301-990-2776 Email: CustomerService@ mesoscale.com

#### Company Address

MESO SCALE DISCOVERY® A division of Meso Scale Diagnostics, LLC. 9238 Gaither Road Gaithersburg, MD 20877 USA

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**MDM2** (Murine Double Minute 2), an E3 ubiquitin ligase and a negative regulator of p53, is a 56 kDa oncoprotein which is ubiquitinated and phosphorylated. MDM2 contains an amino terminal p53 interaction domain, an acidic domain in the region of amino acids 250-300 (phosphorylation within this region is believed to play a role in MDM2 regulation), and a carboxy-terminal RING domain containing a Cis2-His2-Cis4 consensus motif which binds zinc and is responsible for the E3 ubiquitin ligase activity of MDM2. MDM2 degradation is controlled by self-ubiquitination, phosphorylation, and potentially through ubiquitination by other not yet identified E3 ligases. DNA damage and cellular stress trigger MDM2 degradation, releasing p53 from MDM2 mediated negative regulation. Deletion of MDM2 in mouse models is lethal in a p53 dependent manner, and overexpression of MDM2 is seen in many cancers with non-mutated p53, leading to the conclusion that MDM2 is oncogenic by way of p53 inactivation. Due to the important role p53 tumor suppression plays in many different forms of cancer, there has been extensive research on the interactions between MDM2 and p53 and

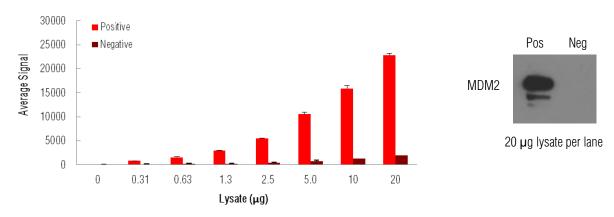
The MSD Total MDM2 Assay is available on 96-well 4-Spot plates. This datasheet outlines the performance of the assay.

considerable interest in identifying drugs capable of modulating the MDM2 - p53 interaction.

# Typical Data

Representative results for the Total MDM2 Assay are illustrated below. The signal and ratio values provided below are example data; individual results may vary depending upon the samples tested. Western blot analyses of each lysate type were performed with an MDM2 antibody and are shown below for comparison.

Growing HCT116 cells (negative) were treated with doxorubicin (1  $\mu$ M; 21 hours) and epoxomicin (1  $\mu$ M; 6 hours) (positive). Whole cell lysates were added to MSD MULTI-SPOT® 4-Spot plates coated with anti-total MDM2 antibody on one of the four spatially distinct electrodes per well. Total MDM2 was detected with anti-total MDM2 antibody labeled with MSD SULFO-TAG<sup>TM</sup> reagent.



**Fig. 1:** Sample data generated with the MULTI-ARRAY® Total MDM2 Assay. Increased signal is observed with the titration of MDM2 positive lysates. Signal for negative lysate remains low throughout the titration. The Total MDM2 Assay provides a quantitative measure of the data obtained with the traditional Western blot.





# MSD Ubiquitin Pathway Assays

#### Lysate Titration

Data for MDM2 positive and negative HCT116 cell lysates using the MULTI-ARRAY Total MDM2 Assay are presented below.

Lysate	Positive			Negative			D/M
(μg)	Average Signal	StdDev	%CV	Average Signal	StdDev	%CV	P/N
0	21	1	6.7	32	6	18.9	
0.31	823	21	2.6	94	6	6.6	8.8
0.63	1573	67	4.3	151	2	1.0	10
1.3	2936	129	4.4	242	11	4.4	12
2.5	5546	23	0.4	454	19	4.2	12
5.0	10551	405	3.8	804	22	2.7	13
10	15871	639	4.0	1327	21	1.6	12
20	22808	404	1.8	2015	49	2.4	11

# MSD Advantage

- **Multiplexing:** Multiple analytes can be measured in one well using typical sample amounts of 25  $\mu$ g/well or less without compromising speed or performance
- Large dynamic range: Linear range of up to five logs enables the measurement of native levels of biomarkers in normal and diseased samples without multiple dilutions
- Minimal background: The stimulation mechanism (electricity) is decoupled from the signal (light)
- > Simple protocols: Only labels near the electrode surface are detected, enabling no-wash assays
- Flexibility: Labels are stable, non-radioactive, and conveniently conjugated to biological molecules
- High sensitivity and precision: Multiple excitation cycles of each label enhance light levels and improve sensitivity

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#### References

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- 2. Inuzuka H, Fukushima H, Shaik S, Wei W. Novel Insights into the Molecular Mechanisms Governing Mdm2 Ubiquitination and Destruction. Oncotarget. 2010 Nov;1(7):685-90.
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- 4. Wade M, Wang YV, Wahl GM. The p53 orchestra: Mdm2 and Mdmx set the tone. Trends Cell Biol. 2010 May;20(5):299–309.
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